Evaluation of Problem Behaviors in People with Dementia

Common Causes of Problem Behaviors **Physical:**

Constipation, urinary retention

Misinterpretation of events/setting

Metabolic/electrolyte disturbances

Fatigue, insomnia, poor sleep

Autonomy/privacy

Over/under-stimulation

Changes from normal routine

Psychological:

 Anxiety, fear, depression Boredom

Impaired speech, frustration

Pain

Hunger

Environmental: Caregiver approaches

 Institutional routines. expectations and demands

Delirium, secondary to medical issues such as:

 Medication side effects Infections

Dehydration Consider the Following Assessments

• Temperature, pulse, blood pressure, respiration, oxygen saturation

Check Vitals:

Physical Assessment: • Signs of constipation or urinary retention

Changes in breath sounds

 Peripheral edema Fluid status: orthostatic blood pressure, mucous membranes

Common Sources of Pain:

 Joint pain, other musculoskeletal pain, foot pain (poorly fitting shoes) Oral pain related to dentures/mouth ulceration

Sensory: Hearing: check hearing aids, ear wax Vision: check glasses

Delirium Assessment:

See Delirium Assessment and Management

Urinalysis, or other urinary symptoms

Blood glucose, CBC with differential, electrolytes if appropriate

Drug side effects: See Drugs that May Cause Delirium or Problem Behaviors

Bed sores, other skin lesions, eye pain from corneal abrasion

Recent changes: environmental, routine, family, drugs, medical